СЕКЦІЯ 1. ОСОБЛИВОСТІ І РИЗИКИ ІНКЛЮЗИВНОГО РОЗВИТКУ

UDC 338.43:331:005.1

Ivanova L.L. *applicant for the first (Bachelor's) level of higher education*
Academic supervisor:
Vlasenko T.O.
PhD in Economics, Associate professor
National University of Life and Environmental Sciences of Ukraine
(Kyiv , Ukraine)

THE CONCEPT OF THE AGRO-INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX, ITS SPHERES OF PRODUCTION, STRUCTURE AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS (THEIR ELEMENTS AND CHARACTERISTICS)

“Love of nature, like music and art, is a common language that can cross political or social borders.” - Jimmy Carter

Only by living in harmony with the surrounding world will make possible for people to provide themselves with a comfortable life and enjoy all the benefits that nature provides us. Caring for nature and the ecological state of the environment is equal to a ticket to a happy future.

The agro-industrial complex plays a key role in people's lives, but people do not always pay enough attention to caring for the environment. Therefore, the development of the agro-industrial complex in socio-economic issues plays a key role in the formation of the well-being of the population.

The agro-industrial complex (AIC) is a set of sectors of the national economy that, functioning in close interrelation, carry out the production of agricultural products, their industrial processing and sale to the consumer. AIC as one of the forms of social division of labor is generally divided into three main areas of production:

• Means of production to provide agriculture and the industry for processing agricultural raw materials;

• Agriculture itself: procurement, processing, transportation;

• Sales of products.

An important place in the AIC is occupied by enterprises of the food and processing industry, which play a significant role in the formation and development of domestic and foreign food markets. This requires constant regulation of economic relations of production and economic structures of agricultural production and industrial processing enterprises, aimed at ensuring their mutually beneficial participation in integrated production. [1]

In the socio-economic component of agricultural development on the basis of agroecology, one can distinguish the socio-economic (i.e. social, related to the implementation of the production cycle), socio-cultural and institutional aspects. They are usually intertwined, combined and manifested in the same phenomena or processes, reflecting their different sides.

The socio-economic aspects of agroecology are expressed in social relations that mediate the production of organic products, the functioning of its markets, the preservation of natural resources and the environment.

Socio-economic characteristics are inherent in all components of agroecology. At the same time, socio-economic elements prevail in some of its components, and in others, socio-cultural (cultural and food traditions) or institutional (responsible management) elements:

• Diversity (biodiversity);

• Synergy, in particular the socio-economic aspect of this component of the agroecological approach, means the development of cooperation, partnerships between producers of organic products and food among themselves and between them and consumers, local communities and societies; formation of local and local agri-food markets, etc., as well as fair distribution of resources and access rights to them;

• The effectiveness of the agroecological approach is due primarily to the fact that it involves the use of natural resources in production without additional costs for preserving or improving their quality;

• Resilience to external influences is ensured primarily by their diversification and is associated with other components of agroecology;

• Recycling means the ability of agroecological systems to maintain the cycle of organic substances in nature and to utilize production by-products for the benefit of their own functioning;

• The joint accumulation of knowledge and the exchange of knowledge are socio-economic in nature and combine traditional and local knowledge, the experience of agricultural and food producers, and global scientific knowledge;

• Universal human and social values have a prominent place in agroecology, since it is based on such basic principles as justice, responsibility, equality and inclusiveness;

• Cultural and food traditions, related to the fact that in the process of civilizational development, each nation has formed sets of agricultural plants and domestic animals adapted to local conditions, the cultivation of which allowed to ensure a rational need for food products, as well as methods (technologies) of production, preparation and consumption of these products;

• Circular and solidarity economy, in which the priority belongs to direct relations between consumers and food producers, contributes to the formation of fair and sustainable local markets, the spread of social and institutional innovations;

• Responsible governance assumes the presence of transparent, accountable and inclusive mechanisms for regulating the development of agroecology at different levels, in particular, in the process of implementing comprehensive or targeted state, regional and local programs. [2]

The agro-industrial complex has a complicated structure, as it includes:

1) industries that produce means for agricultural production and other industries;

2) agricultural production;

3) industries that process, store, and transport agricultural raw materials and deliver them to the consumer;

4) production and social infrastructure.

Each of the branches of the agro-industrial complex plays its role in the processes of economic regeneration, but agriculture is still the basis. This place of

agriculture in the agro-industrial complex system is due to the fact that the basis of the final product of the entire complex is agricultural products. [3]

Therefore, the issue of developing the socio-economic aspects of the functioning of agro-industrial complexes is extremely important for both representatives of agrarian business and users of agricultural products. Everyone should worry about the state of the environment and contribute to its improvement. Nature gives us resources, but they are exhaustible, and irrational use can lead to a decrease in the standard of living of the population and a deterioration in the functioning of agro-food enterprises, which will subsequently lead to the decline of the economy.

Reference:

1. Крисальний О.В. Енциклопедія сучасної України. 2001. URL: https://esu.com.ua/article-42602 (дата звернення 28.03.2025)
2. Бородіна О.М.,Прокопа І.В. Соціоекономічна складова розвитку сільського господарства і села на засадах агроекології: науково-прикладні аспекти. 2023. URL: file:///C:/Users/%D0%9A%D0%92/Downloads/%D0%91%D0%BE%D1%80%D0%BE%D0%B4%D1%96%D0%BD%D0%B0,+%D0%9F%D1%80%D0%BE%D0%BA%D0%BE%D0%BF%D0%B0%20(2).pdf (дата звернення 29.03.2025)
3. Іванюта В.Ф. Електронний журнал «Ефективна економіка» №1. Агропромисловий сектор як основа розвитку економіки сільських територій в умовах євроінтеграційних процесів. 2016. URL: http://www.economy.nayka.com.ua/?op=1&z=5003 (дата звернення 01.04.2025)

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ
НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ БІОРЕСУРСІВ І ПРИРОДОКОРИСТУВАННЯ УКРАЇНИ
Факультет аграрного менеджменту
(кафедра виробничого та інвестиційного менеджменту)
Гуманітарно-педагогічний факультет
(кафедри соціальної роботи та реабілітації)
Purdue University (USA)
Fater Academy of India (India)
Національний університет «Запорізька політехніка»
НТУ «Дніпровська політехніка»

ЗБІРНИК МАТЕРІАЛІВ
IX МІЖНАРОДНОЇ НАУКОВО-ПРАКТИЧНОЇ КОНФЕРЕНЦІЇ ЗДОБУВАЧІВ ВИЩОЇ ОСВІТИ, АСПІРАНТІВ І МОЛОДИХ ВЧЕНИХ «РОЛЬ МОЛОДІ У РОЗВИТКУ АПК УКРАЇНИ»



15-16 квітня 2025 р.
Київ, онлайн, Zoom

Роль молоді у розвитку АПК України [Електронний ресурс]**:** зб. матеріалів IX міжнар. наук.-практ. конф. (15-16 квітня 2025 р.). Київ: НУБіП України, 2025. 362 с. PDF-формат; мережеве видання; інституційний репозитарій.

КОНФЕРЕНЦІЯ ПРОВЕДЕНА В РАМКАХ ІМПЛЕМЕНТАЦІЇ ПРОЄКТУ МОДУЛЬ ЖАНА МОНЕ «ПРАКТИКИ СОЦІАЛЬНОЇ ТА ЕКОНОМІЧНОЇ ІНКЛЮЗІЇ В ЄС» ЗА ПІДТРИМКИ ЕРАЗМУС+, 101127466 – EPSEI – ERASMUS-JMO-2023-HEI-TCH-RSCH

Funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the authors only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or European Education and Culture Executive Agency (EACEA). Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.

Рекомендовано до друку Вченою Радою факультету аграрного менеджменту (протокол № 11 від 19 травня 2025 року)

Збірник укладено за матеріалами IX міжнародної науково-практичної конференції «Роль молоді у розвитку АПК України». Наповнення рубрик синхронізовано з основними напрямами роботи конференції.

Видання розраховано на науковців, викладачів, аспірантів, здобувачів вищої освіти.

The collection is based on the materials of the V International Scientific and Practical Conference "The Role of Youth in the Development of AIC of Ukraine", conducted by the Faculty of Agrarian Management and the Faculty of Humanities and Education of the National University of Life and Environmental Sciences of Ukraine. The content of the sections is synchronized with the main directions of the conference.

The publication is designed for scientists, teachers, graduate students, students.

Редакційна колегія:

Шинкарук Л.В., д. екон. наук, проф., член-кореспондент НАН України (голова); Дєліні М.М., д. екон. наук, професор; Прушківська Е. В., д. екон. наук, професор; Сопівник І.В., д. пед. наук, доцент, завідувач кафедри соціальної роботи та реабілітації; Супрун Д.М., д. пед. наук, професор; Осадченко І.І., д. пед. наук, професор; Власенко Т.О, к. екон. наук, доцент, звідувач кафедри виробничого та інвестиційного менеджменту; Алексеєва К.А., к.наук з держ. упр., доцент; Гаврилюк В.П. к.екон. наук, доцент; Дергач А.В., к.наук з держ. упр., доцент; Лобунець Т.В., к. екон. наук, доцент; Чемодуров О.М., к. екон. наук, доцент; Юзба В.О. к. екон. наук, доцент; Прохорчук О.М., к. пед. наук, доцент; Тілікіна Н.В., к. екон.наук, доцент; Мовчун С.В., к.екон.наук; Власенко К.О., к.пед.наук; Голєва М.С.,PhD, асистент; Будегай В.А., асистент; Кендус Д.І., асистент.

Тези доповідей подано в авторській редакції.
Автори відповідають за достовірність викладеного матеріалу,
за правильне цитування джерел, посилання на них та інших відомостей.
Передруковувати опубліковані в збірнику матеріали
дозволяється тільки за згодою авторів

© НУБіП України,
2025 © Автори, 2025